

World War II

Outcome: The Rise of Adolf Hitler

1. Setting the Stage: _____

- a. Although an _____, Hitler joined the _____ army in **WWI**
- b. Hitler was never an officer and was _____ in leg
- c. Temporarily _____ by mustard gas; while in hospital he became convinced that his _____ in life was to “_____”
- d. On Nov 11, 1918, Germany agreed to an _____ ---> _____ Hitler
- e. Hitler called those who surrendered “_____”
- f. In 1919 Germany forced to accept terms of the Treaty of _____:
 - i. War _____ clause: Blame
 - ii. Loss of _____
 - iii. Loss of _____
 - iv. _____
 - v. Had to form a _____: _____

2. Rise of the Nazi Party

- a. In 1920, Hitler helps form the _____ Party (German _____ Party)
- b. Beer Hall Putsch: Hitler and his Nazis try to _____ the new democracy in a large beer hall in _____.
- c. _____ of his men are killed. Hitler flees and is later _____ on high treason.
- d. While in prison Hitler writes “_____”
- e. Learns lesson: Must _____ from within
- f. Served _____ and was released

3. Hitler Takes Control

- a. In 1925 _____ elected President of the **Weimar Republic**
- b. By 1932 the **Nazi Party** had become largest party in the _____; _____% majority (Similar to Parliament or Congress)
- c. Hitler was _____ in 1933 (2nd in command)
- d. February 1933 the _____ down; blamed on Communists
- e. **Reichstag** responded by suppressing communists and others and passed the “_____” which _____ its power to the _____ (dissolved power of Reichstag)
- f. 1934 **President Von Hindenburg** _____ & Hitler was declared “_____” -The Dictator

4. Prelude to the Holocaust & World War II

- a. **Anti-Semitism**, or _____, already existed in the hearts of many Europeans
- b. _____ were passed allowing gov't to legally discriminate against Jews
- c. Examples of **Nuremberg Laws**:
 - i. Jews were stripped of German _____ (could no longer vote)
 - ii. _____ between _____ & Germans was forbidden
 - iii. Jews were _____ from public office, practicing law, medicine, teaching
 - iv. Jews had _____, had to wear yellow _____ for public ID
 - v. Allowed for _____ & _____ terrorism against Jews
- d. This led to a 3 step process (aka **The Holocaust**):
 - i. Development of Jewish _____ in cities
 - ii. _____ Camps became sites of forced _____ and murder
 - iii. _____ - mass killing of over **6 million Jews**
- e. 1938 _____:
 - i. The Night of _____ - anti-semitic riots in Germany and Austria.
 - ii. _____ Jews rounded up and taken to concentration camps
 - iii. Homes, businesses, and synagogues _____
- f. 1939 Hitler _____ Poland and starts _____
- g. He continued efforts to unite all people of German blood or **Aryans** under
“ _____ ”
- h. He called his empire the _____