

Treaties That Ended Wars

Treaty of Paris – 1763, French & Indian War

Treaty of Paris – 1783, American Revolution

Treaty of Greenville – 1795, Miami Indian Wars in Ohio

Treaty of Ghent – 1814, War of 1812

Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo – 1848, Mexican-American War

Treaty of Paris – 1898, Spanish-American War

Versailles – 1919, World War I

Other Treaties, Accords, Peaces, Unions, Protocols, and Purchases

Jay's Treaty – 1794, signed by Jay and Grenville; tried to resolve US – Britain trade and other issues and preserve American neutrality in European wars

Pinckney's Treaty - 1795, Spain agreed to US-Florida border at 31 st parallel, and granted US free navigation of the Mississippi and right of deposit in New Orleans

Louisiana Purchase – 1803, Monroe and Livingston bought 800,000 square miles from Talleyrand and Napoleon for \$15 million

Rush-Bagot Treaty – 1817, limited US and British naval power on the Great Lakes

Adams-Onis Treaty – 1819, Spain ceded Florida to US

Clayton-Bulwer Treaty – 1850, neither US nor Britain should control a canal in Panama

Gadsen Purchase – 1853, Gadsen (US) negotiated purchase of land in AZ and NM from Santa Anna (Mexico) for \$10 million

Gentlemen's Agreement – 1900, Japan would stop issuing passports to emigrants

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty – 1901, overrode Clayton-Bulwer, allowing US to build a canal in Panama

Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty – 1903, Panama gave US canal zone

Root-Takahira Treaty – 1908, Japan respected US's Open Door policy in China

Geneva Protocol – 1925, bans bacterial and gas weapons

Kellogg-Briand Pact – 1928, also Pact of Paris or Treaty for the Renunciation of War; 15 nations agreed to ban war as an instrument of national policy

SALT I – (Strategic Arms Limitation Talks) 1972, US and USSR signed Anti-Ballistic Missiles Treaty and Interim Agreement on the Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms

Camp David Accords – 1978, peace between Egypt and Israel; included al-Sadat, Begin, and Carter

SALT II – 1979, US and USSR limited nuclear launchers; never officially ratified

START I – (Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty) 1991, Bush (US) and Gorbachev (USSR) reduced nuclear arsenals; five former Soviet republics signed on in 1992

START II – 1993, Bush (US) and Yeltsin (Russia) reduced nuclear arsenals

Declaration of Principles – 1993, Rabin (Israel) and Arafat (PLO) agreed to limited Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and Jericho